

SAFETY DATA SHEET (SDS)



Manufacturer:
Covestro

Product Name:
Covestro DeSolite DS-2900 Secondary Optical Fiber Coating, UV and LED Cure (10 kg)

Manufacturer Part Number:
COV-DS-2900-10KG

▶ Click here for more details on the Covestro DeSolite DS-2900 Secondary Optical Fiber Coating, UV and LED Cure (10 kg)

Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EU) No. 1907/2006 as amended



DeSolite DS-2900

Version 2.0

Revision Date 31.07.2025

Print Date 01.08.2025

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Contact the professionals at Fiber Optic Center for a quote or to get more details.

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Data is subject to change without notice. FOC last update 29/01/2026.



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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

DESOLITE DS-2900

Material number: 86700905

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use:

UV-curable coatings, inks and matrix materials.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Covestro Deutschland AG
COV Global Product Safety
51365 Leverkusen

Tel.: +49 214 6009 8134

Email: ProductSafetyEMLA@covestro.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

+1-703-527-3887 (Chemtrec)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Skin irritation, Category 2 (H315)

Eye irritation, Category 2 (H319)

Sensitization of the skin, Category 1 (H317)

Reproductive toxicity, Category 1B (H360F)

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Category 3 (H335 (Respiratory system))

Chronically hazardous to the aquatic environment, Category 2 (H411)

2.2 Label elements



Hazardous components which must be listed on the label

Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-propenoate
(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate
hexamethylene diacrylate
2-phenoxyethyl acrylate
diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide

Hazard statements:

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H360F May damage fertility.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P261 Avoid breathing mist or vapours.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection/ hearing protection.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

P391 Collect spillage.

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Type of product: Mixture

3.2 Mixtures

optical fiber coatings

Hazardous components

Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-propenoate

Concentration [wt.-%]: **>= 25 - < 50**

EC-No.: 500-130-2

REACH Registration Number: 01-2119490020-53-0014, 01-2119490020-53-0007

CAS-No.: 55818-57-0

Classification (1272/2008/CE): Skin Sens. 1 H317 Aquatic Chronic 2 H411

(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate

Concentration [wt.-%]: **>= 20 - < 25**

Index-No.: 607-249-00-X

EC-No.: 256-032-2

REACH Registration Number: 01-2119484613-34-0018, 01-2119484613-34-0008

CAS-No.: 42978-66-5

Classification (1272/2008/CE): Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Skin Sens. 1 H317 STOT SE 3 H335 (Respiratory system) Aquatic Chronic 2 H411

Specific threshold concentration (GHS):

STOT SE 3

H335

>= 10 %

hexamethylene diacrylate

Concentration [wt.-%]: **>= 3 - < 5**

Index-No.: 607-109-00-8

EC-No.: 235-921-9

REACH Registration Number: 01-2119484737-22-0025, 01-2119484737-22-0008

CAS-No.: 13048-33-4

Classification (1272/2008/CE): Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Skin Sens. 1 H317 Aquatic Acute 1 H400 Aquatic Chronic 2 H411

M-factor (acute aquat. tox.): 1

2-phenoxyethyl acrylate

Concentration [wt.-%]: **>= 2,5 - < 3**

EC-No.: 256-360-6

REACH Registration Number: 01-2119980532-35-0014, 01-2119980532-35-0013

Classification (1272/2008/CE): Skin Sens. 1A H317 Repr. 2 H361d Aquatic Chronic 2 H411

diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide

Concentration [wt.-%]: **>= 1 - < 2,5**

EC-No.: 278-355-8

CAS-No.: 75980-60-8

Classification (1272/2008/CE): Skin Sens. 1B H317 Repr. 1B H360Fd Aquatic Chronic 2 H411

Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation

This product contains substances of very high concern (Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 59).

diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide

CAS-No.: 75980-60-8

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice: Take off all contaminated clothing immediately.

For effective first-aid, special training / education is needed.

If inhaled: Take the person into the fresh air and keep him warm, let him rest; if there is difficulty in breathing, medical advice is required. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. Keep respiratory tract clear. Consult a physician if necessary.

Inhalation may provoke the following symptoms: respiratory tract irritation coughing

In the case of hazardous fumes, wear self contained breathing apparatus.

In case of skin contact: In case of skin contact wash affected areas thoroughly with soap and plenty of water. Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Consult a doctor in the event of a skin reaction.

Most important symptoms Skin irritation Redness

In case of eye contact: Hold the eyes open and rinse with preferably lukewarm water for a sufficiently long period of time (at least 10 minutes). Contact an ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

Eye contact may provoke the following symptoms irritant effects eye redness

If swallowed: Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Rinse mouth. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If a person vomits when lying on his back, place him in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If victim is conscious: Give small amounts of water to drink.

If symptoms persist, call a physician or Poison Control Centre immediately.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Therapeutic measures: No information available.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Formation of carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other toxic gases in the event of fire or during thermal

decomposition. Fire will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous combustion products (see section 10). In case of fire, may produce hazardous decomposition products such as: Acrylate monomers Aldehydes Organic acids

In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Cool endangered vessels and containers with sprayed water. Heating raises pressure with consequent risk of bursting and explosion.

5.3 Advice for fire-fighters

Wear an approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus in addition to standard fire fighting gear.

Do not allow contaminated extinguishing water to enter the soil, ground-water or surface waters. Immediately evacuate personnel to safe areas.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Immediately evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid breathing mist or vapours. Put on protective equipment (see section 8). Ensure adequate ventilation/exhaust extraction. Keep unauthorized persons away. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

6.2 Environment related measures

Do not allow to escape into waterways, wastewater or soil. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities. Inform the responsible authorities in case of gas leakage, or of entry into waterways, soil or drains. Collect spillage. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material and dispose of as hazardous waste. Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13). Dispose of wastes in an approved waste disposal facility. Do not discharge large quantities of concentrated spills or residues into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8. For further disposal measures see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

For personal protection see section 8. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe mist or vapours. Do not ingest. Ensure adequate ventilation and, if necessary, exhaust ventilation when handling or transferring the product. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. The precautions required in the handling of acrylic acid esters must be taken. Do not re-use empty containers.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

Persons who suffer from skin complaints or other hypersensitivity reactions of skin should not work with the product.

The personal protective measures described in section 8 must be observed. Avoid contact with skin and eyes

absolutely.

Keep away from foodstuffs, drinks and tobacco. Wash hands before breaks and at end of work and use skin-protecting ointment. Keep working clothes separately. Change contaminated or soaked clothing immediately.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container dry and tightly closed in a cool and well ventilated place. Store in original container. Protect against heat and direct sunlight. Store locked up. When not in use, keep containers tightly closed. Keep in properly labelled containers. Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Polymerisation is a highly exothermic reaction and may generate sufficient heat to cause thermal decomposition and/or rupture containers. Inhibitor only effective in the presence of oxygen.

Storage class (TRGS 510) : **6.1C: Combustible, acute toxic Cat.3 / toxic compounds or compounds which causing chronic effects**

Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 30 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

UV-curable coatings, inks and matrix materials.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values.

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)

Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-propenoate

Value type	Route of exposure	Health Effects	Value	Remarks
Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	1,17 mg/m3	Repeated dose toxicity oral
Workers	Inhalation	Acute systemic effects		No hazard identified Most sensitive endpoint: Acute toxicity (By inhalation)
Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects		No hazard identified Most sensitive endpoint: Repeated dose toxicity
Workers	Inhalation	Acute local effects		No hazard identified Most sensitive endpoint: Acute toxicity
Workers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	33 mg/kg bw/day	Most sensitive endpoint: Repeated dose toxicity oral
Workers	Dermal	Acute systemic effects		No hazard identified
Workers	Dermal	Long-term local effects		Medium hazard (no threshold derived) Most sensitive endpoint: Sensitisation (skin)
Workers	Dermal	Acute local effects		No hazard identified Most sensitive endpoint: skin irritation/corrosion
Workers	Eye contact	Local effects		No hazard identified
Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects		No hazard identified
Consumers	Inhalation	Acute systemic effects		No hazard identified

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Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects		No hazard identified
Consumers	Inhalation	Acute local effects		No hazard identified
Consumers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects		No hazard identified
Consumers	Dermal	Acute systemic effects		No hazard identified
Consumers	Dermal	Long-term local effects		No hazard identified
Consumers	Dermal	Acute local effects		No hazard identified
Consumers	Oral	Long-term systemic effects		No hazard identified
Consumers	Oral	Acute systemic effects		No hazard identified
Consumers	Eye contact	Local effects		No hazard identified

hexamethylene diacrylate

Value type	Route of exposure	Health Effects	Value	Remarks
Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	24,5 mg/m3	
Workers	Inhalation	Acute systemic effects		No hazard identified
Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects		Low hazard (no threshold derived)
Workers	Inhalation	Acute local effects		Low hazard (no threshold derived)
Workers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	2,77 mg/kg bw/day	Repeated dose toxicity dermal
Workers	Dermal	Acute systemic effects		No hazard identified (no threshold derived)
Workers	Dermal	Long-term local effects		Medium hazard (no threshold derived)
Workers	Dermal	Acute local effects		Medium hazard (no threshold derived)
Workers	Eye contact	Local effects		Low hazard (no threshold derived)
Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	7,2 mg/m3	Repeated dose toxicity oral
Consumers	Inhalation	Acute systemic effects		No hazard identified
Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects		Medium hazard (no threshold derived)
Consumers	Inhalation	Acute local effects		Medium hazard (no threshold derived)
Consumers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	1,66 mg/kg bw/day	Repeated dose toxicity dermal
Consumers	Dermal	Acute systemic effects		No hazard identified
Consumers	Dermal	Long-term local effects		Medium hazard (no threshold derived)
Consumers	Dermal	Acute local effects		Medium hazard (no threshold derived)
Consumers	Oral	Long-term systemic effects	2,1 mg/kg bw/day	Repeated dose toxicity oral

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Consumers	Oral	Acute systemic effects		No hazard identified
Consumers	Eye contact	Local effects		Low hazard (no threshold derived)

2-phenoxyethyl acrylate

Value type	Route of exposure	Health Effects	Value	Remarks
Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	12 mg/m3	Most sensitive endpoint: Repeated dose toxicity
Workers	Inhalation	Acute systemic effects		Hazard unknown (no further information necessary)
Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	77 mg/m3	Most sensitive endpoint: Repeated dose toxicity
Workers	Inhalation	Acute local effects		Hazard unknown (no further information necessary)
Workers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	3,5 mg/kg bw/day	Most sensitive endpoint: Repeated dose toxicity
Workers	Dermal	Acute systemic effects		No hazard identified
Workers	Dermal	Long-term local effects		No hazard identified
Workers	Dermal	Acute local effects		High hazard (no threshold derived)
Workers	Eye contact	Local effects		No hazard identified
Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects		No hazard identified
Consumers	Inhalation	Acute systemic effects		No hazard identified
Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects		No hazard identified
Consumers	Inhalation	Acute local effects		No hazard identified
Consumers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects		No hazard identified
Consumers	Dermal	Acute systemic effects		No hazard identified
Consumers	Dermal	Long-term local effects		No hazard identified
Consumers	Dermal	Acute local effects		No hazard identified
Consumers	Oral	Long-term systemic effects		No hazard identified
Consumers	Oral	Acute systemic effects		No hazard identified
Consumers	Eye contact	Local effects		No hazard identified

diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide

Value type	Route of exposure	Health Effects	Value	Remarks
Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	0,822 mg/m3	Most sensitive endpoint: Repeated dose toxicity oral
Workers	Inhalation	Acute systemic effects		No hazard identified
Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects		No hazard identified

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Workers	Inhalation	Acute local effects		No hazard identified
Workers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	0,233 mg/kg bw/day	Most sensitive endpoint: Repeated dose toxicity oral
Workers	Dermal	Acute systemic effects		No hazard identified
Workers	Dermal	Long-term local effects		Medium hazard (no threshold derived) Most sensitive endpoint: Sensitisation (skin)
Workers	Dermal	Acute local effects		Medium hazard (no threshold derived) Most sensitive endpoint: Sensitisation (skin)
Workers	Eye contact	Local effects		No hazard identified
Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	0,145 mg/m3	Most sensitive endpoint: Repeated dose toxicity oral
Consumers	Inhalation	Acute systemic effects		No hazard identified
Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects		No hazard identified
Consumers	Inhalation	Acute local effects		No hazard identified
Consumers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	0,0833 mg/kg bw/day	Most sensitive endpoint: Repeated dose toxicity oral
Consumers	Dermal	Acute systemic effects		No hazard identified
Consumers	Dermal	Long-term local effects		Medium hazard (no threshold derived) Most sensitive endpoint: Sensitisation (skin)
Consumers	Dermal	Acute local effects		Medium hazard (no threshold derived) Most sensitive endpoint: Sensitisation (skin)
Consumers	Oral	Long-term systemic effects	0,0833 mg/kg bw/day	Most sensitive endpoint: Repeated dose toxicity oral
Consumers	Oral	Acute systemic effects		No hazard identified
Consumers	Eye contact	Local effects		No hazard identified

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)**Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-propenoate**

Compartment	Value	Remarks
Fresh water	0,025 mg/l	
Fresh water sediment	8,96 mg/kg dry weight	
Marine water	0,003 mg/l	
Marine sediment	0,896 mg/kg dry weight	
Sewage treatment plant	10 mg/l	
Air		No hazard identified
Soil	1,78 mg/kg dry weight	
Oral		Does not bioaccumulate.

hexamethylene diacrylate

Compartment	Value	Remarks
Fresh water	0,007 mg/l	
Fresh water sediment	0,493 mg/kg dry weight	

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Marine water	0,001 mg/l	
Marine sediment	0,049 mg/kg dry weight	
Sewage treatment plant	2,7 mg/l	
Air		No hazard identified
Soil	0,094 mg/kg dry weight	
Oral		Does not bioaccumulate.

2-phenoxyethyl acrylate

Compartment	Value	Remarks
Fresh water	0,002 mg/l	
Fresh water sediment	0,02 mg/kg dry weight	
Marine water	0,0002 mg/l	
Marine sediment	0,002 mg/kg dry weight	
Sewage treatment plant	1,77 mg/l	
Air		No hazard identified
Soil	0,006 mg/kg dry weight	
Oral		Does not bioaccumulate.
Intermittent use/release	0,012 mg/l	Fresh water

diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide

Compartment	Value	Remarks
Fresh water	1,4 µg/l	
Fresh water sediment	0,115 mg/kg dry weight	
Marine water	0,14 µg/l	
Marine sediment	0,0115 mg/kg dry weight	
Sewage treatment plant		No hazard identified
Air		No hazard identified
Soil	0,0222 mg/kg dry weight	
Oral		Does not bioaccumulate.
Intermittent use/release	14 µg/l	Fresh water

8.2 Exposure controls**Appropriate engineering controls**

If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection required in insufficiently ventilated working areas and during spraying. Respirator with a gas filter

Hand protection

Protective gloves complying with EN 374.

Nitrile rubber: thickness $\geq 0,12\text{mm}$; Break through time: $< 60\text{ min}$

Contaminated and/or damaged gloves must be changed. Avoid natural rubber gloves. Do not wear PVC gloves, as PVC absorbs acrylates.

Eye protection

Safety glasses with side-shields

Equipment should conform to EN 166

Skin and body protection

Use protective clothing (chemically resistant). Protective suit
Equipment should conform to EN 1149

Further protective measures

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Physical state:	liquid at 20 °C at 1.013 hPa	
Appearance:	liquid	
Colour:	clear	
Odour:	characteristic	
Odour Threshold:	not established	
pH:	not applicable	
Melting point/freezing point:	not established	
Boiling point/boiling range:	not established	
Flash point:	> 100 °C	closed cup
Evaporation rate:	not established	
Flammability (solid, gas):	not applicable	
Burning number:	not applicable	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:	not established	
Vapour pressure:	not established	
Relative vapour density:	not established	
Density:	1,13 g/cm ³ at 20 °C	
Miscibility with water:	not established	
Water solubility:	not established	
Surface tension:	not established	
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	not established	
Auto-ignition temperature:	not applicable	
Ignition temperature:	not established	
Decomposition temperature:	not established	
Heat of combustion:	not established	
Viscosity, dynamic:	6.000 mPa.s at 20 °C	
Viscosity, kinematic:	not established	

9.2 Other information

The indicated values do not necessarily correspond to the product specification. Please refer to the technical information sheet for specification data.

Explosive properties:	not established
Dust explosion class:	not applicable
Oxidising properties:	not established

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**10.1 Reactivity**

None known.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions. The product is chemically stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

In case of heating risk of exothermic polymerisation. Strong exothermic reactions with peroxides may occur in presence of heavy metal ions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Exposure to sunlight.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Exothermic reaction with: Strong acids and strong bases polymerisation initiators Avoid radical-forming starting agents, peroxides and reactive metals.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No hazardous decomposition products when stored and handled correctly.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Toxicological studies on the product are not yet available.

Please find below the toxicological data available to us for the components (hazardous components).

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity, oral

Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-propenoate

LD50 rat, male/female: > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate

LD50 rat, female: > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 423

hexamethylene diacrylate

LD50 rat: > 5.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

2-phenoxyethyl acrylate

LD50 rat, male/female: > 5.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide

LD50 rat, male/female: > 5.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute toxicity, dermal

Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-propenoate

LD50 rat, male/female: > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate

LD50 rabbit, male/female: > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

hexamethylene diacrylate

LD50 rabbit: 3.650 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

2-phenoxyethyl acrylate

LD50 rat, male/female: > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, B.3

diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide

LD50 rat, male/female: > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Acute toxicity, inhalation

Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-propenoate

No data available.

(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate

Inhalation risk test (IRT): No mortality after 8 h exposure in studies with rats.

hexamethylene diacrylate

LC0 rat, male/female: > 0,41 mg/l, 7 h

Test atmosphere: vapour

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

2-phenoxyethyl acrylate

Assessment: Study scientifically not justified.

diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide

No data available.

Primary skin irritation

Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-propenoate

Species: rabbit

Result: non-irritant

Classification: No skin irritation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 404

(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate

Species: rabbit

Result: irritating

Classification: Causes skin irritation.

hexamethylene diacrylate

Species: rabbit

Result: irritating

Classification: Causes skin irritation.

2-phenoxyethyl acrylate

Species: rabbit

Result: slight irritant

Classification: No skin irritation

diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide

Species: rabbit

Result: slight irritant

Classification: No skin irritation

Primary mucosae irritation

Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-propenoate

Species: rabbit

Result: slight irritant

Classification: No eye irritation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate

Species: rabbit

Result: irritating

Classification: Causes serious eye irritation.

hexamethylene diacrylate

Species: rabbit

Result: irritating

Classification: Causes serious eye irritation.

2-phenoxyethyl acrylate

Species: rabbit

Result: slight irritant

Classification: No eye irritation

diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide

Species: rabbit

Result: slight irritant

Classification: No eye irritation

Sensitisation

Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-propenoate

Skin sensitization (local lymph node assay (LLNA)):

Species: Mouse

Result: positive

Classification: May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 429

Respiratory sensitization

No data available.

(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate

Skin sensitization (local lymph node assay (LLNA)):

Species: Mouse

Result: positive

Classification: May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 429

Skin sensitization (local lymph node assay (LLNA)):

Species: Mouse

Result: positive

Method: OECD Test Guideline 429

Respiratory sensitization

no data available

hexamethylene diacrylate

Skin sensitisation:

Result: positive

Classification: May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Respiratory sensitization

No data available.

2-phenoxyethyl acrylate

Skin sensitisation according to Magnusson/Kligmann (maximizing test):

Species: Guinea pig

Result: positive

Classification: May cause sensitization by skin contact (Sub cat. 1A)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 406

Respiratory sensitization

No data available.

diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide

Skin sensitization (local lymph node assay (LLNA)):

Species: Mouse

Result: positive

Classification: May cause sensitization by skin contact (Sub cat. 1B)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 429

Respiratory sensitization
No data available.

Subacute, subchronic and prolonged toxicity

Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-propenoate
LOAEL (Lowest observable adverse effect level): 100 mg/kg

Application Route: Oral

Species: rat, male/female

Dose Levels: 100 - 300 - 1000 mg/kg bw/day

Exposure duration: 92 - 93 d

Frequency of treatment: daily

Method: OECD Test Guideline 408

(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate

NOAEL: 375 mg/kg bw/day

Application Route: Oral

Species: rat, male/female

Frequency of treatment: daily

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

NOAEL: 66,7 mg/kg bw/day

Application Route: Dermal

Species: rat, male/female

Frequency of treatment: 5 days/week

Method: OECD Test Guideline 424

hexamethylene diacrylate

NOAEL: 250 mg/kg

Application Route: Oral

Species: rat, male/female

Dose Levels: 75 - 250 - 750 mg/kg/day

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

2-phenoxyethyl acrylate

NOAEL: 300 mg/kg

Application Route: Oral

Species: rat, male/female

Dose Levels: 0 - 100 - 300 - 800

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

NOAEL: 350 mg/kg

Application Route: Oral

Species: rat, male/female

Method: OECD Test Guideline 408

diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide

NOAEL: 100 mg/kg bw/day

LOAEL (Lowest observable adverse effect level): 300 mg/kg bw/day

Application Route: Oral

Species: rat, male/female

Dose Levels: 0 - 100 - 300 - 1000 mg/kg bw/day

Method: OECD Test Guideline 408

NOAEL: 50 mg/kg bw/day

LOAEL (Lowest observable adverse effect level): 250 mg/kg bw/day

Application Route: Oral

Species: rat, male/female

Dose Levels: 0 - 50 - 250 - 750 mg/kg bw/day

Carcinogenicity

Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-propenoate

No data available.

(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate

NOAEL (Toxicity): > 25 mg/kg bw/day

Species: Mouse, male

Application Route: Dermal

Frequency of treatment: 2 times/week

hexamethylene diacrylate
No data available.

2-phenoxyethyl acrylate
No data available.

diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide
no data available

Reproductive toxicity/Fertility

Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-propenoate

NOAEL (parents, generally toxicity): ≥ 200 mg/kg bw/day

NOAEL (parents, fertility): ≥ 200 mg/kg bw/day

NOAEL (offspring): ≥ 200 mg/kg bw/day

Species: rat, male/female

Application Route: Oral

Dose Levels: 0 - 40 - 100 - 200 mg/kg bw/day

Method: OECD Test Guideline 443

NOAEL (parents, generally toxicity): > 900 mg/kg

NOAEL (parents, fertility): > 900 mg/kg

Test type: Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction/Developmental Toxicity Screening Test

Species: rat, male/female

Application Route: Oral

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate

NOAEL (parents, generally toxicity): 375 mg/kg bw/day

NOAEL (offspring): 375 mg/kg bw/day

Species: rat, male/female

Application Route: Oral

Frequency of treatment: daily

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

NOAEL (parents, generally toxicity): 100 mg/kg bw/day

NOAEL (parents, fertility): 100 mg/kg bw/day

NOAEL (offspring): 100 mg/kg bw/day

Species: rat, male/female

Application Route: Oral

Frequency of treatment: daily

Method: OECD Test Guideline 443

hexamethylene diacrylate

NOAEL (parents, generally toxicity): 250 mg/kg

NOAEL (parents, fertility): 750 mg/kg

Test type: Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction/Developmental Toxicity Screening Test

Species: rat, male/female

Application Route: Oral

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

2-phenoxyethyl acrylate

NOAEL (parents, generally toxicity): 100 mg/kg bw/day

NOAEL (parents, fertility): 300 mg/kg bw/day

Test type: Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction/Developmental Toxicity Screening Test

Species: rat, male/female

Application Route: Oral

Dose Levels: 0 - 100 - 300 - 800 mg/kg bw/day

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide

NOAEL (parents, generally toxicity): 200 mg/kg bw/day

NOAEL (parents, fertility): 60 mg/kg bw/day

NOAEL (offspring): 200 mg/kg bw/day

Test type: One-generation study

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Species: rat, male/female
Application Route: Oral
Dose Levels: 0 - 60 - 200 - 600 mg/kg bw/day
Frequency of treatment: daily
Method: OECD Test Guideline 421

Reproductive toxicity/Developmental Toxicity/Teratogenicity

Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-propenoate

NOAEL (teratogenicity): 1000 mg/kg bw/day

NOAEL (maternal): > 1000 mg/kg bw/day

Species: rat, female

Application Route: Oral

Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

NOAEL (teratogenicity): 1000 mg/kg bw/day

NOAEL (maternal): 1000 mg/kg bw/day

Species: rabbit, female

Application Route: Oral

Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate

NOAEL (maternal): > 375 mg/kg bw/day

NOAEL (developmental toxicity): > 375 mg/kg bw/day

Test type: Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction/Developmental Toxicity Screening Test

Species: rat, female

Application Route: Oral

Frequency of treatment: daily

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

NOAEL (maternal): 450 mg/kg bw/day

NOAEL (developmental toxicity): 450 mg/kg bw/day

Test type: Pre-/postnatal development

Species: rabbit, female

Application Route: Oral

Frequency of treatment: daily

Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

NOAEL (teratogenicity): 250 mg/kg bw/day

NOAEL (maternal): 250 mg/kg bw/day

NOAEL (developmental toxicity): 250 mg/kg bw/day

Test type: Pre-/postnatal development

Species: rat, female

Application Route: Oral

Frequency of treatment: daily

Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

hexamethylene diacrylate

NOAEL (teratogenicity): 750 mg/kg

NOAEL (maternal): 250 mg/kg

Species: rat, male and female

Application Route: Oral

Dose Levels: 75 - 250 - 750 mg/kg/day

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Did not show teratogenic effects in animal experiments.

2-phenoxyethyl acrylate

NOAEL (teratogenicity): 600 mg/kg bw/day

NOAEL (maternal): 600 mg/kg bw/day

NOAEL (developmental toxicity): 600 mg/kg bw/day

Test type: Pre-/postnatal development

Species: rat

Application Route: Oral

Dose Levels: 0 - 65- 200 - 600 mg/kg bw/day

Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide

NOAEL (teratogenicity): 150 mg/kg bw/day

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NOAEL (maternal): 150 mg/kg bw/day
LOAEL (teratogenicity): 500 mg/kg bw/day
LOAEL (maternal): 500 mg/kg bw/day
Test type: Pre-/postnatal development
Species: rat, female
Application Route: Oral
Dose Levels: 0 - 50 - 150 - 500 mg/kg bw/day
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

NOAEL (teratogenicity): >100 mg/kg bw/day
NOAEL (maternal): >100 mg/kg bw/day
LOAEL (developmental toxicity): 100 mg/kg bw/day
Test type: Pre-/postnatal development
Species: rabbit, female
Application Route: Oral
Dose Levels: 0 - 10 - 30 - 100 mg/kg bw/day
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Genotoxicity in vitro

Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-propenoate
Test type: Ames test
Test system: Salmonella typhimurium
Metabolic activation: with/without
Result: negative
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Test type: Ames test
Test system: Escherichia coli
Metabolic activation: with/without
Result: negative
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Test type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Test system: mouse lymphoma cells
Metabolic activation: with/without
Result: negative
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate
Test type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Test system: Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cells
Metabolic activation: with/without
Result: negative
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Test type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Test system: mouse lymphoma cells
Metabolic activation: with/without
Result: positive

hexamethylene diacrylate
Test type: Ames test
Metabolic activation: with/without
Result: negative
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Test type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Metabolic activation: with/without
Result: negative
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

2-phenoxyethyl acrylate
Test type: Ames test
Test system: Escherichia coli
Metabolic activation: with/without
Result: negative
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

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Test type: Ames test
Test system: Salmonella typhimurium
Metabolic activation: with/without
Result: negative
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Test type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Test system: mouse lymphoma cells
Metabolic activation: with/without
Result: negative
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Test type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Test system: Human lymphocytes
Metabolic activation: with/without
Result: negative
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide
Test type: Ames test
Test system: Salmonella typhimurium
Metabolic activation: with/without
Result: negative
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Test type: Ames test
Test system: Escherichia coli
Metabolic activation: with/without
Result: negative
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Test type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Test system: Chinese hamster lung cells
Metabolic activation: with/without
Result: negative
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Test type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Test system: Chinese hamster V79 cell line
Metabolic activation: with/without
Result: negative
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Genotoxicity in vivo

Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-propenoate
Test type: In vivo micronucleus test
Species: Mouse, male
Application Route: Oral
Result: negative
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate
Test type: In vivo micronucleus test
Species: Mouse, male/female
Application Route: intraperitoneal
Result: negative
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Test type: In vivo micronucleus test
Species: Mouse, female
Application Route: intraperitoneal
Result: negative

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hexamethylene diacrylate
Test type: In vivo micronucleus test
Species: Mouse, male
Result: negative
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Studies of a comparable product.

2-phenoxyethyl acrylate
no data available

diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide
No data available.

STOT evaluation – one-time exposure

Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-propenoate
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate
Target Organs: Respiratory tract
May cause respiratory irritation.

hexamethylene diacrylate
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

2-phenoxyethyl acrylate
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide
No data available.

STOT evaluation – repeated exposure

Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-propenoate
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

hexamethylene diacrylate
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

2-phenoxyethyl acrylate
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide
No data available.

Aspiration toxicity

Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-propenoate
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

hexamethylene diacrylate
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

2-phenoxyethyl acrylate
No data available.

diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide
No data available.

CMR Assessment

Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-propenoate

Carcinogenicity: No data available.

Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity/Fertility: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate

Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity/Fertility: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

hexamethylene diacrylate

Carcinogenicity: No data available.

Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity/Fertility: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

2-phenoxyethyl acrylate

Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity: Suspected of damaging the unborn child (Repr. 2).

Reproductive toxicity/Fertility: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide

Carcinogenicity: No data available.

Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity: Suspected of damaging the unborn child (Repr. 2).

Reproductive toxicity/Fertility: May damage fertility (Repr. 1B).

Toxicology Assessment

Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-propenoate

Acute effects: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Sensitization: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate

Acute effects: Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation.

Sensitization: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

hexamethylene diacrylate

Acute effects: Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation.

Sensitization: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

2-phenoxyethyl acrylate

Acute effects: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Sensitization: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide

Acute effects: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Sensitization: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

11.2 Information on other hazards**Endocrine disrupting properties**

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicological studies of the product are not available.

Do not allow to escape into waterways, wastewater or soil.

Please find below the ecotoxicological data available to us for the components.

12.1 Toxicity

Acute Fish toxicity

Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-propenoate

LC50 > 0,082 mg/l

Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp)

Exposure duration: 96 h

Method: ISO 7346/1

No toxic effects in the water-soluble range.

(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate

LC50 1 - 10 mg/l

Species: Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)

Exposure duration: 96 h

Method: DIN 38412

hexamethylene diacrylate

LC50 0,38 mg/l

Species: Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)

Exposure duration: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

2-phenoxyethyl acrylate

LC50 10 mg/l

Species: Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)

Exposure duration: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide

LC50 1,4 mg/l

Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp)

Exposure duration: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Chronic Fish toxicity

Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-propenoate

EC10 0,43 mg/l

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Exposure duration: 33 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate

No data available.

hexamethylene diacrylate

NOEC 0,072 mg/l

Species: Oryzias latipes (Orange-red killifish)

Exposure duration: 39 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

2-phenoxyethyl acrylate

No data available.

diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide

No data available.

Acute toxicity for daphnia

Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-propenoate

EL50 > 100 mg/l

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Exposure duration: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

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(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate

EC50 10 - 100 mg/l

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Exposure duration: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

hexamethylene diacrylate

EC50 2,7 mg/l

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Exposure duration: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

2-phenoxyethyl acrylate

EC50 1,21 mg/l

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Exposure duration: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide

EC50 3,53 mg/l

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Exposure duration: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Chronic toxicity to daphnia

Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-propenoate

EC10 > 0,51 mg/l

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Exposure duration: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate

No data available.

hexamethylene diacrylate

NOEC 0,14 mg/l

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Exposure duration: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

2-phenoxyethyl acrylate

EC10 0,1 mg/l

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Exposure duration: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Studies of a comparable product.

diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide

No data available.

Acute toxicity for algae

Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-propenoate

EL50 105 mg/l

endpoint: Growth inhibition

Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)

Exposure duration: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

EL10 29 mg/l

endpoint: Growth inhibition

Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)

Exposure duration: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate

ErC50 10 - 100 mg/l

Species: scenedesmus subspicatus

Exposure duration: 72 h

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Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

hexamethylene diacrylate

EC50 2,33 mg/l

Species: *Selenastrum capricornutum* (green algae)

Exposure duration: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC 0,9 mg/l

Species: *Selenastrum capricornutum* (green algae)

Exposure duration: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

2-phenoxyethyl acrylate

EC50 4,4 mg/l

Species: *Desmodesmus subspicatus* (Green algae)

Exposure duration: 72 h

Method: ISO 8692

EC10 0,71 mg/l

Species: *Desmodesmus subspicatus* (Green algae)

Exposure duration: 72 h

Method: ISO 8692

diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide

EC50 > 2,01 mg/l

Species: *Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata* (green algae)

Exposure duration: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

EC10 1,56 mg/l

Species: *Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata* (green algae)

Exposure duration: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Acute bacterial toxicity

Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-propenoate

EC50 > 1.000 mg/l

Species: activated sludge

Exposure duration: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate

EC50 > 10.000 mg/l

Species: *Pseudomonas putida*

Exposure duration: 0,5 h

Method: DIN 38412

hexamethylene diacrylate

EC50 270 mg/l

Species: activated sludge

Exposure duration: 30 min

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

2-phenoxyethyl acrylate

EC50 177 mg/l

Species: activated sludge

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide

EC50 > 1.000 mg/l

Species: activated sludge

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-propenoate

Acute aquatic toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Chronic aquatic toxicity: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate

Acute aquatic toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Chronic aquatic toxicity: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

hexamethylene diacrylate

Acute aquatic toxicity: Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2-phenoxyethyl acrylate

Acute aquatic toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Chronic aquatic toxicity: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide

Acute aquatic toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Chronic aquatic toxicity: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

M-Factor

hexamethylene diacrylate

M-factor (acute aquat. tox.): 1

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability

Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-propenoate

Biodegradation: 42 %, 28 d, i.e. not readily biodegradable (10 day time window criterion is not met)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301 F

(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate

Biodegradation: 40 - 50 %, i.e. not readily degradable

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301 B

hexamethylene diacrylate

Biodegradation: 60 - 70 %, 28 d, i.e. readily biodegradable

Method: OECD Test Guideline 310

Biodegradation: 60 - 70 %, 28 d, i.e. inherently degradable

Method: OECD Test Guideline 302 B

2-phenoxyethyl acrylate

Test type: aerobic

Inoculum: Sewage sludge

Biodegradation: 22 %, 28 d, i.e. readily biodegradable

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301 D

diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide

Test type: aerobic

Inoculum: activated sludge, non-adapted

Biodegradation: 0 - 10 %, 28 d, i.e. not readily degradable

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301 F

Stability in water

Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-propenoate

Test type: Hydrolysis

Half life: 110 h at 25 °C (pH: 7)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 111

Test type: Hydrolysis

Half life: 38 h at 25 °C (pH: 9)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 111

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation

Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-propenoate

Species: *Lepomis macrochirus* (Bluegill sunfish)

Exposure duration: 14 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 305

An accumulation in aquatic organisms is not to be expected.

(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)] diacrylate

Accumulation in aquatic organisms is unlikely.

hexamethylene diacrylate

no data available

2-phenoxyethyl acrylate

Due to the distribution coefficient n-octanol/water, accumulation in organisms is not expected.

diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 18 - 22

Species: *Cyprinus carpio* (Carp)

Exposure duration: 8 Weeks

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)

2-phenoxyethyl acrylate

log Pow: 2,58

12.4 Mobility in soil**Distribution among environmental compartments**

Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-propenoate

Adsorption/Soil

log K_{oc} value: 3,55

Method: OECD Test Guideline 121

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.7 Other adverse effects

diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phosphine oxide

The product contains none organically bound halogens.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Reference number 2008/98/EC

Dispose in accordance with applicable international, national and local laws, ordinances and statutes. For disposal within the EC, the appropriate code according to the European Waste Catalogue (EWC) should be used. The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste. Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

13.1 Waste treatment methods

After containers have been emptied as thoroughly as possible (e.g. by pouring, scraping or draining until "drip-dry"), they can be sent to an appropriate collection point set up within the framework of the existing take-back scheme of the chemical industry. Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Containers must be recycled in compliance with national legislation and environmental regulations. Dispose of empty containers and wastes safely. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration.

No disposal into waste water.

SECTION 14: Transport information**ADR/RID**

- 14.1 UN number or ID number : UN 3082
14.2 UN proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
(Bisphenol A diglycidyl diacrylate, Tripropylene glycol diacrylate,
Hexane-1,6-diol diacrylate)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es) : 9
Hazard Identification Number : 90
14.4 Packing group : III
14.5 Environmental hazards : yes

Limited quantity regulations applicable in accordance with chapter 3.4 ADR/RID in compliance with threshold value

ADN

- 14.1 UN number or ID number : UN 3082
14.2 UN proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
(Bisphenol A diglycidyl diacrylate, Tripropylene glycol diacrylate,
Hexane-1,6-diol diacrylate)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es) : 9
Hazard Identification Number : 90
14.4 Packing group : III
14.5 Environmental hazards : yes

This classification data does not apply to transportation by tanker. If required, additional information can be requested from the manufacturer.

IATA

- 14.1 UN number or ID number : UN 3082
14.2 UN proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
(Bisphenol A diglycidyl diacrylate, Tripropylene glycol diacrylate,
Hexane-1,6-diol diacrylate)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es) : 9
14.4 Packing group : III
14.5 Environmental hazards : yes

IMDG

- 14.1 UN number or ID number : UN 3082
14.2 UN proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
(Bisphenol A diglycidyl diacrylate, Tripropylene glycol diacrylate,
Hexane-1,6-diol diacrylate)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es) : 9
14.4 Packing group : III
14.5 Environmental hazards : Marine pollutant
EmS Code : F-A - S-F
Segregation Group IMDG : not applicable

14.6 Special precautions for user

See section 6 - 8.

- Additional information : Environmentally hazardous substance.
Keep away from foodstuffs, acids and alkalis.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Product is not transported by us in bulk.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture****Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation**

This product contains substances identified as SVHC according to REACH Regulation (EC) no. 1907/2006, Article 59. Please refer to section 3.

Directive 2012/18/EU on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

E2 Environmental hazards

Quantity1: 200 t Quantity2: 500 t

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, preparations and articles (Annex XVII)

Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be considered: 3

TA Luft List (Germany)

Type: 5.2.1 Total dust

Fraction of other substances: 0,55 %

Type: 5.2.7.1.3 Substances toxic to reproduction

Fraction of other substances: 0,01 %

Type: 5.2.5 Organic Substances

portion Class 1: 4,89 %

Fraction of other substances: 94,36 %

Water contaminating class (Germany)

2 obviously hazardous to water

Classification according to AwSV, Annex 1 (5.2)

Other regulations

Take note of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work or stricter national regulations, where applicable.

Take note of Law on the protection of mothers at work, in education and in studies (Maternity Protection Act - MuSchG).

The product is subject to the supply restrictions of the German Ordinance on the Prohibition of Chemicals

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been conducted for this substance / mixture resp. its components.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of the hazard statements of the CLP classification (1272/2008/CE) referred to under sections 2, 3 and 10.

H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H360F	May damage fertility.
H360Fd	May damage fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADN	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par voie de Navigation intérieure
ADR	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route
ANSI	American National Standards Institute
ASTM	American Society of Testing and Materials (US)
ATE	Acute Toxic Estimate
AwSv	Verordnung über Anlagen zum Umgang mit wassergefährdenden Stoffen
BCF	Bioconcentration Factor
CAS	Chemical Abstract Service
CLP	Regulation on Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures
CMR	Cancerogenic Mutagenic Reprotoxic
DIN	Deutsches Institut für Normung
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC...	Effect Concentration ... %
EWC	European Waste Catalogue
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IBC	Intermediate Bulk Container
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
IMO	International Maritime Organization
ISO	International Organization for Standardization
IUPAC	International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry
LOAEL	Lowest Observable Adverse Effect Level
LC...	Lethal Concentration, ...%
LD...	Lethal Dose, ...%
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships
NOAEL	No Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEL/NOEC	No Observed Effect Level/Concentration
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
PBT	persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire de marchandises Dangereuses
STOT	Specific Target Organ Toxicity
TRGS	Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe
vPvB	very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
WGK	Wassergefährdungsklasse

Relevant changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.

Further information

Classification of the mixture:

Skin Irrit. 2 H315

Eye Irrit. 2 H319

Skin Sens. 1 H317

Repr. 1B H360F

STOT SE 3 H335

Aquatic Chronic 2 H411

Classification procedure:

Calculation method

Calculation method

Calculation method

Calculation method

Calculation method

Calculation method

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.